* WHAT IS OUTDOOR PLAY * AND LEARNING?

Outdoor play and learning is child-led, educator supported, unstructured play on and with the land.

1. Choose a site:

- With sticks, leaves and grasses it can be a smallpatch with a tree.
- Without fixed equipment somewhere not often used or off the school grounds.



Image courtesy of Nature. Be in it.

4. Have fun:

- You don't need to know it all be a co-learner.
- Rainy days can be the best and the most memorable.
- Follow the students lead. Allow them to show you where to go and what to do.
- Smile and play on their level be curious.

2. Make it safe:

- Write a risk benefit assessment.
- Know and provide first aid if needed.
- □ Include a snake bandage in your kit.
- Bring a mat to all sit on.
- Establish physical boundaries ropes and markers work well.
- Bring other adults with you.

3. Prepare, plan and play:

- Make time regularly all year round if practical. Over an hour is recommended.
- Establish set routines and expectations.
- Plan a mini lesson or stimulus for learning linked to classroom inquiry.
- Allow time for free, unstructured play.
- Record learning as it happens and let it guide your future planning.
- Dress for the weather long sleeves and pants provide protection.
- Consider waterproof pants and a gumboot library for wet weather.

Try these questions in your next outdoor lesson to empower children to lead and share:

- Show me what you're working on?
- Where should we start?
- → Tell me more about that?
- What makes you say that?
- What do you think it is? How do you know?
- □ I'm curious about the way you...

- What might be another way to think about doing this?
- How will you make it better next time?
- What do you need?
- What is working well here?
- How could you fix that?





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Ideas to get you started:

- → Practice mindfulness and meditation near trees.
- Make shelter and cubbies.
- Make imaginative worlds.
- ☼ Create a frame with sticks on the ground and create pictures using natural materials.
- Mix colours and nature potions.
- Balance on logs, trees or branches.
- Climb trees.

- Use magnifying glasses to enjoy the micro world.
- Water and mud play using bowls, buckets and measuring jugs, clay can also be fun.
- Sole play and imagination activities.
- Sing songs and tell stories.
- Learn about Aboriginal culture through stories and invite Aboriginal community members to share.

Read about the Australian Curriculum links at: https://www.australiancurriculum.edu.au/media/3224/oe_cc_5-6_21.pdf