## ♣ INFANTS AND TODDLERS AT ♣ NATURE PLAY

All children benefit greatly from taking reasonable risks, feeling free to play, and moving away from you to explore.

## Benefits include:

- Sensory helps with speech, eye movement tracking and connection with the world.
- Social and Emotional including resilience, regulation, self-esteem, cooperation, teamwork, kindness and trust.
- Cognitive including problem solving, creative thinking, focus and concentration.
- Motor Skills such as balance, climbing, lifting, swinging, holding, grasping, pushing and pulling and skills that support writing.
- Being outside calms the nervous system and improves health and immunity.
- Provides a variety of sensory inputs e.g. different weather, rough and smooth bark, grass and rocky areas.
- Solution States St





Image courtesy of Nature. Be in it.









## Follow your child's lead:

- Watch your child. Follow their eyes, hands and body direction to see what they want to explore next?
- Carry your infant directly, not in a pram.
- Solution Solution
- Solution States St
- Let go of their hand for balance on uneven ground or slopes.
- <sup>⊸</sup> Be nearby if they need you, let them come to you.
- Ask questions to point out your concerns nearby e.g. can you see that rock?



Image courtesy of Nature. Be in it.





## Ideas to get you started:

- Make shelters and cubbies.
- Mix colours and nature potions.
- Balance on logs, trees or branches.
- Play with water and mud using bowls, buckets and measuring jugs.
- Sing songs and tell stories.
- Learn about Aboriginal culture through stories.
- Do tummy time under the trees.
- Lie down at the base of a tree or in long grass and look up at the tree and clouds.
- Make marks with charcoal, rocks, dirt and leaves on paper and bark.
- Dig with a stick.
- Smell the leaves, dirt, bark and flowers.